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American Model United Nations General Assembly Third Committee

GA Third/II/2

SUBJECT OF RESOLUTION: Improvement of the situation of women and girls in rural

areas

SUBMITTED TO: The General Assembly Third Committee

The General Assembly Third Committee,

Noting that in rural areas and across the world, women and girls deal with gender-based violence and female genital mutilation, negatively impacting their ability to fully participate in society,

Emphasizing the importance of all Member States to maintain State sovereignty,

Approving efforts made through the United Nations, specifically the Convention on the Elimination of All Forms of Discrimination Against Women (CEDAW) of 18 December 1979, but acknowledging that continued efforts are still necessary,

Recognizing that despite the United Nations' condemnation of child marriage, the issue persists in rural areas and increases instances of domestic violence and related forms of harm,

Further recognizing that issues of gender equality more significantly impact women and girls in rural areas, including indigenous women,

Highlighting the severity of issues including but not limited to child marriage, gender-based violence and limited access to culturally competent healthcare and education,

Further highlighting the importance of gathering disaggregated data on the issues facing women and girls,

Deeply concerned that globally, one in ten women lives in extreme poverty, often exacerbated by economic and social policies or lack thereof,

Noting that 160 million women could fall into deep poverty by 2050,

Gravely concerned about the lack of knowledge surrounding domestic violence and resources available in rural areas to assist women in fighting against domestic violence as, without access to these resources, women and girls will continue to suffer through preventable issues,

Admonishing the amount of femicides taking place internationally due to systemic flaws,

Recognizing the influence of the inequalities in current domestic violence recovery and prevention efforts,

Recalling the importance of Sustainable Development Goals 3 and 4 of good health and well-being and quality education for achieving a more prosperous world,

Recalling also the significant number of deaths related to women's health issues in rural areas,

Affirming the need to respect State sovereignty and cultural values when implementing international programs aimed at improving the conditions of women and girls in conflict-ridden rural areas,

Acknowledging the data showing that peacebuilding initiatives are more effective when women are actively involved,

Observing that if one desires to achieve social change, they must first guarantee basic human needs, such as food, water, shelter and health,

Acknowledging the success of the pre-existing United Nations facet, known as the United Nations Women Foundation,

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Appreciating that educational approaches have and will continue to improve the situation of women in rural areas,

Recognizing that the international community must respect Member States' right to sovereignty to protect both cultural and governmental procedures,

- 1. Encourages United Nations bodies to take any gender-specific cultural and religious practices into account when determining whether actions are viewed as human rights violations in order to protect State sovereignty;
- 2. *Invites* collaboration on an international level to improve services provided voluntarily by States to women and girls internationally, particularly financial and medical relief;
- 3. Encourages Member States to establish educational course requirements with the primary focus of mental and physical health for both males and females;
- 4. Recognizes the need for education programs that instruct those in rural areas on women's and girls' health, specifically concerning maternal issues;
- 5. *Urges* all Member States to include education about domestic violence, child marriage, female genital mutilation and other related topics in education settings, including but not limited to hospitals and schools, to spread awareness and information about any available resources to reduce instances of these issues and give women avenues to seek help;
- 6. Emphasizes the importance of directing aid through legitimate institutions and monitored channels to guarantee that support reaches women and girls in rural areas without being diverted by unrecognized entities;
- 7. Implores United Nations bodies to consider local beliefs, practices and preferences when implementing programs for the betterment of the situation for women and girls in rural areas;
- 8. Expresses its hope that Member States will focus on water, food, shelter and health to promote the safety and security of women and girls in rural areas:
- (a) To accomplish this goal, the body recommends that States collaborate with established United Nations bodies such as United Nations Women, the World Health Organization and United Nations Water;
- 9. Encourages States to support increased accessibility to healthcare resources, specifically in rural areas, by further training healthcare workers and sharing educational information on medical concerns facing women and girls;
- 10. Further encourages collaboration between Member States and relevant recognized organizations, including but not limited to, the Food and Agriculture Organization, the Commission on the Status of Women, the United Nations Women organization and the United Nations Development Programme; these programs include:
- (a) Micro, small and medium-sized enterprises for sustainable growth innovations in rural areas to help with farming and agriculture;
- (b) Vocational training centers supported by the Food and Agriculture Organization which focus on agricultural, textiles and small-scale production in rural areas;
- (c) Women-based entrepreneurial dialogues supported by the United Nations Women Fund for Gender Equality which encourage regional collaboration for women-owned businesses;
- (d) The expansion of maternal and child health services in rural areas by proliferating training programs for midwives, improving access to skilled birth attendants and establishing community-based childcare centers to assist working women in rural areas;
- 11. Invites international collaboration to improve services provided voluntarily by States to women and children internationally, particularly financial and medical relief, affirming that all international programs must respect the sovereignty, cultural context and development needs of each State, avoiding any undue interference in domestic affairs;

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- 12. Advocates for the expansion of relevant domestic violence prevention campaigns and organizations, including, but not limited to the No More Foundation, Amsha Africa Foundation and other similar United Nations' programs to establish domestic violence shelters and other prevention and intervention programs in rural areas, ensuring that all women and girls have equal access to critical resources regardless of their State's political stance:
- (a) These shelters should include health centers for all those who need physical and mental assistance in local communities yet specialize in women's and girls health;
- (b) Individual donors who are able should increase funding to these organizations to provide help to all Member States;
- (c) The body also supports an increase in funding through the World Bank to the No More Foundation, as well as funding to other programs and organizations which individual States may wish to collaborate with, such as but not limited to voluntary State contributions and existing funding frameworks within these programs to account for the additional workers and shelters needed to achieve this international program;
- (d) The body emphasizes the priority use of culture-based programs within any Member State that would be receiving aid or funding;
- (e) The body further encourages States to decide how best to implement these measures based upon their alignment with national culture and values to achieve these goals in ways best for them;
- 13. Encourages States to ensure their legislation includes gender-sensitive laws and proper punishment for femicide and gender-based violence with consideration of cultural practices;
- 14. *Emphasizes* the need for national and international institutions to help gather data to increase the effectiveness of efforts to improve the conditions of women and girls in rural areas:
- (a) Any data collection must be done with the consent of the State involved and the communities or individuals being observed;
 - (b) Data collection on the issues facing women and girls may be done through quantitative and qualitative methods to enhance a comprehensive international understanding of the causes of said concerns.

Passed, Yes: 58 / No: 3 / Abstain: 4

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